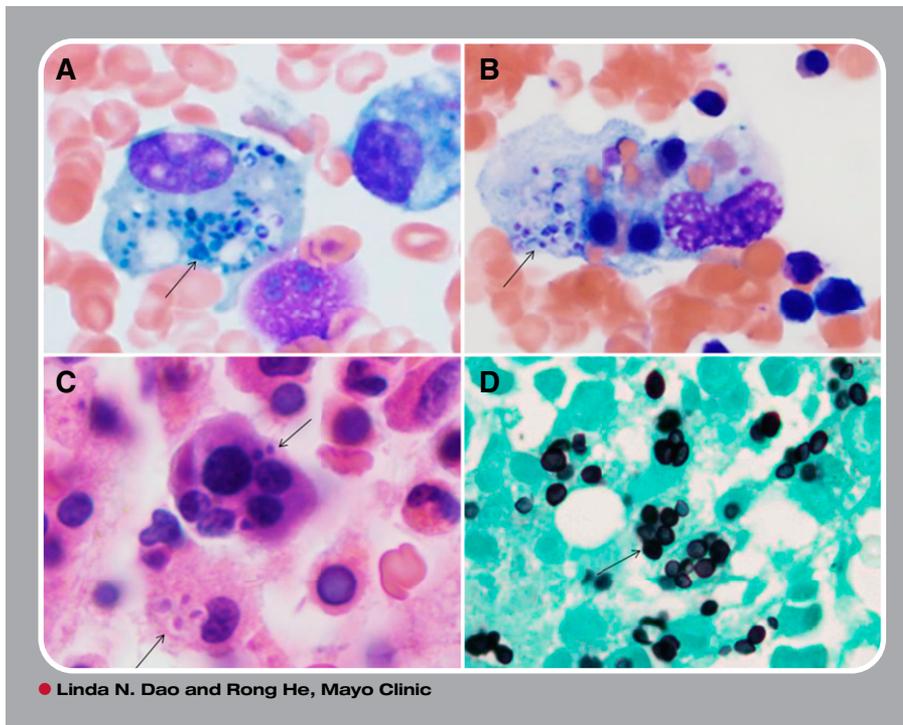


## Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis secondary to iatrogenic disseminated histoplasmosis



**A** 21-year-old man with Crohn disease and taking multiple immunosuppressive drugs presented with fevers, chills, night sweats, epistaxis, and dyspnea. He had bicytopenia (hemoglobin 9.3 g/dL, platelets  $12 \times 10^9/L$ , and normal leukocyte count). Biochemical studies showed markedly elevated ferritin (15 140  $\mu\text{g/L}$ ), decreased fibrinogen (159 mg/dL), and elevated D-dimer (2735 ng/mL) and aspartate aminotransferase (76 U/L). Computed tomography showed bilateral pulmonary micronodular infiltrates and splenomegaly. Bone marrow (BM) aspirate (Wright-Giemsa stain; panels A-B) and biopsy (hematoxylin and eosin stain; panel C) demonstrated hemophagocytosis with numerous histiocytes containing yeast forms (arrows) and hematopoietic precursors. Grocott's methenamine silver stain highlights the yeasts (panel D). Blood, BM, and bronchoalveolar lavage cultures confirmed *Histoplasma capsulatum*. The patient was treated with antifungal therapy with subsequent recovery.

Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) is a systemic syndrome of histiocytic activation with hypercytokinemia. Acquired HLH is commonly associated with infections, malignancies, and collagen vascular disorders. HLH developed in this patient secondary to disseminated histoplasmosis in the setting of iatrogenic immunosuppression. HLH is associated with high mortality without appropriate treatment, and early intervention is imperative. BM examination, in conjunction with clinical and laboratory findings, is crucial for timely intervention. A diligent BM search for fungal microorganisms is also warranted in immunocompromised HLH patients because BM can sometimes be the only location to obtain the diagnosis.



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